City of Cleveland Stormwater Division



Guidance Document Erosion and Sediment Control Best Management Practices for Home Builders

Before starting any land disturbance activities please contact the Stormwater Division of the Development and Engineering Services Department or the Building Official to determine if your project requires a plan and permit in accordance with State and local requirements. Once the proper permits have been issued erosion control measures must be installed and functioning prior to any land disturbance activity.

Controlling erosion

Erosion control is important for all construction sites. The materials needed to minimize adverse water quality resulting from construction activity are readily available - silt fence, rip rap, slope drains, grass seed, mulch, or geo-textiles materials. The methods selected are site dependent based upon topography, concentrated flows, and the watershed size. To be effective the materials must be installed in accordance with specifications outlined in the Tennessee Erosion & Sediment Control Handbook. The handbook can be found on the City's website at www.clevelandtn.gov/stormwater under the stormwater resources tab.

Installing erosion control materials is a straight forward process. Only a few controls are generally needed on most one and two family building sites, but are only effective if maintained regularly.

- **Silt fence** installed along the contours never up or down a slope to control erosion.
- **Use riprap** at the outflow end of all storm drain and pipes.
- **Construction entrance** consisting of course aggregate, typically 20 feet by 50 feet is recommended, dependent upon site specific conditions as a primary consideration.

Soil Stock Piles

- **Locate** away from any down-slope street, driveway, stream, lake, wetland, ditch or drainage way.
- **Stabilize** with mulch and/or vegetation. Temporary seed such as annual rye or winter wheat is recommended for topsoil piles.

Sediment Cleanup

• By the end of each workday, sweep and scrape up soil tracked into roadways. Stabilize all areas at finish grade with mulch and/or vegetation while maintaining erosion controls.

Preserving Existing Vegetation

- Wherever possible, preserve existing trees, shrubs, or vegetation.
- To prevent root damage, do not grade, place soil piles, or park vehicles near trees marked for preservation.
- Place plastic mesh or snow fence barriers around trees to protect the area below their branches.

Stabilization

 Seed, mulch, or sod bare soil on all areas in conjunction with TDEC regulations. Vegetation is the most effective way to control erosion.

Anchor straw or hay mulch immediately after application with one of the following methods:

- o Press into soil with a roller, packer disk, etc.
- Apply synthetic binders
- o Add rye or wheat seed to fall and winter plantings
- Install 1" x 1" mesh netting
- o Note: wood cellulose and wood fiber mulch is self-anchoring
- Exposed areas left undisturbed for greater than two weeks must be stabilized in accordance with the Tennessee Erosion & Sediment Control Handbook.

Proper Vegetation Practices

Selecting Vegetation

- 1. Suitable for the site
- 2. Ease of establishment
- 3. Planting dates
- 4. Plant characteristics (height)
- 5. Maintenance requirements

Accurate Seeding Rates for a Quality Stand

- Under-seeding <u>reduces</u> the potential stand.
- Over seeding creates excessive demand on moisture, nutrients, light, and space.
- More seed is not always better.

NRCS Recommended Seeding Rates for Critical Areas

		•	seeu/
Species I	LB/AC ¹	Seed/LB	sq.ft.
Tall Fescue	50	227,000	260
Pensacola	60	166,000	230
Bahia			
Sericea	60	350,000	480
Lespedeza			

NRCS Recommended Seeding Rates for Critical Areas

			Seed/
Species	LB/AC1	Seed/LB	sq.ft.
Common	10	1,800,000	410
Bermuda			
Weeping	4	1,500,000	140
lovegrass			

Companion Plants

Rye is the best winter annual because it grows well on cold, acidic, and infertile soils.

Companion Plants

<u>Do Not use</u> <u>Ryegrass</u> in seeding mixtures.

Ryegrass is a sod-forming annual.

Companion Plants

Do <u>not</u> include them in the seeding mixtures if perennials are planted during optimum planting dates.

Suitable Plants for Temporary Cover

- •Common Bermuda
- •Millet
- •Rye
- •Tall Fescue
- Weeping Lovegrass

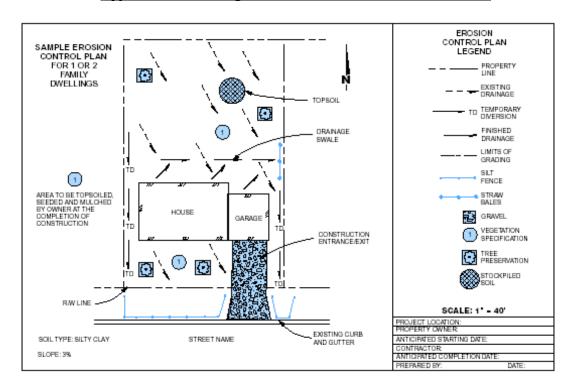
Mulch is Very Important!

Use straw/hay that is dry, not caked, and free of weed seed.

Straw - 2 tons/AC or Hay - 2½ tons/AC

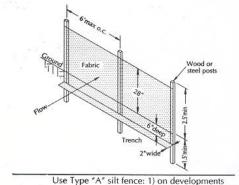
This will cover about 75% of the soil surface.

Typical Best Management Practices for Home Builder



Silt Fence

Application: Silt fence should be installed where sheet flow runoff can be stored behind the barrier. All silt fencing should be installed along the contour, never up or down a slope. The drainage area above a silt fence should not exceed ¼ acre for every 100 linear feet of silt fence.



where the life of the project is greater than six months, 2) where the slope gradient is steeper than 3:1.

Criteria for Silt Fence Placement

Land Slope	Maximum Slope Length
(percent)	Above Fence (feet)
<2	100
2 to 5	75
5 to 10	50
10 to 20	25
>20	15

Type A Silt Fence- This 36-inch wide filter fabric should be used on developments where the life of the

project is 6 months or greater.

Type B Silt Fence- Though only 22-inces wide, this filter fabric allows the same flow rate as Type A.

Type B should be limited to use on minor projects lasting less than 6 months.

Type C Silt Fence- Type C is 36-inches wide with wire reinforcement and should be used where slopes

exceed a vertical height of 10 feet, and satisfy the criteria listed above.

Installation: On slopes with grades greater than 7%, the silt fence should be located at least 5 to 7 feet beyond the base. Turn the ends of the silt fence upslope so that a certain depth of stormwater may be retained in front of the fence. The impounded depth should be at lease 12 inches, but not more than the height of the fence. The bottom edge of the silt fence must be entrance and backfilled to be functional.

- Dig a small toe-in trench with a minimum depth of 6-inches. Place the excavated material on the front or upstream side of the trench to facilitate back filling later.
- Drive the fence posts into the back or downstream side of the trench. The posts should be driven so that at least 1/3 of the height of the post is in the ground. When installing a prefabricated Silt Fence with fabric attached to the posts, the posts should be driven so that at least 6 in. of fabric will be buried in the ground.
- Extend low fence ends enough up-slope forming a "J" hook to allow water to pond in the hook.
- Backfill the trench with the excavated material and tamp so that at least 6 inch of the fabric is securely toed into the ground to prevent under-mining.
- Maintain until vegetation is established.
- Along creeks and streams, two rows of Type C State approved Silt Fence shall be used with a minimum of 6 ft. between posts. Maintain 30 or 60 foot buffer from top of stream bank on both sides. Please refer to the City of Cleveland Stormwater Ordinance which can be found on the resource page of the stormwater website, or contact the Stormwater Division for more information.

Erosion Control Logs:

Application: Erosion control logs should be used in areas where there is high construction traffic, and do not need to be trenched. They are limited to disturbed areas ranging from 0.1 to 0.2 acres only, typical to front yard areas of average home sites.

Installation: Erosion control logs should be staked in every 4 to 6 feet, on the downhill side, through the netting only. Do not stake in through the center of the log.



For additional information please visit the Stormwater Division of the City of Cleveland website at www.clevelandtn.gov/stormwater or call 423-479-1913

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